

GCSE

Physical Education

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Unit **B451:** An Introduction to Physical Education

Mark Scheme for January 2011

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All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the Report on the Examination.

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Section A - Mu	ultiple choice		
Question Number	Expected Answer	Marks	Rationale/Additional Guidance
1	Which one of the following is a suitable method for measuring your cardiovascular endurance?		
	(d) The Cooper 12 minute run test	[1]	
2	Which one of the following is a function of proteins as part of a balanced diet?		
	(a) Helps to repair tissues in the body	[1]	
3	Which one of the following is <u>not</u> a role of the school curriculum in promoting an active, healthy lifestyle?		
	(d) Selecting the best performers for national teams	[1]	
4	Which one of the following is an example of an outcome goal?		
	(b) Trying to win a netball match against a local school	[1]	
5	Which one of the following is the most appropriate method of training to improve your flexibility?		
	(c) Yoga	[1]	
6	Which one of the following fundamental motor skills is a main feature in playing golf?		
	(b) Hitting	[1]	

Section A - N	lultiple choice		
Question	Expected Answer	Marks	Rationale/Additional Guidance
Number			
7	One of the key processes in physical education is physical and mental capacity.		
	Which one of the following best describes the physical aspect of this key process?		
	(d) Developing stamina	[1]	
8	Which one of the following is a good reason to do a warm up before a physical activity?		
	(a) To decrease the risk of injury	[1]	
9	Strength is a physical fitness component that can also help in following a healthy lifestyle.		
	Which one of the following is an example of strength helping us to follow a healthy lifestyle?		
	(b) To be able to lift and carry heavy objects safely	[1]	
10	A key concept in physical education is performance.		
	Which one of the following is an example of performance as a key concept?		
	(d) Being able to beat an opponent in football	[1]	

	Multiple choice	_	T
Question Number	Expected Answer	Marks	Rationale/Additional Guidance
11	There are many pathways we can choose to be involved in physical activities.		
	Which one of the following describes community sport as a pathway for involvement in physical activity?		
	(c) Helping to coach hockey at your local club	[1]	
12	Which one of the following is <u>not</u> an example of a reason for participating in physical activities?		
	(b) To follow a sedentary lifestyle	[1]	
13	Which one of the following shows the effects of gender on participation in a physical activity?		
	(c) Males are less likely to participate in traditionally female activities	[1]	
14	Which one of the following is <u>not</u> a good indicator of health and well-being?		
	(b) High level of income	[1]	
15	The environment can affect participation in physical activities.		
	Which one of the following is an example of a city environment having a <u>negative</u> effect on participation in physical activities?		
	(c) Few areas of green space	[1]	
	Total	[15]	

Question Ex Number	pected Answer	Marks	Rationale/Additional Guidance
	ve <u>three</u> reasons why a performer might participate in physical tivities.		Do not accept: To reduce injury
Th 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10 11	As a vocation/profession/as a job/for money/tangible rewards/cups/trophies/medals Availability of/good facilities	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 [3]	

Question	Expected Answer	Marks	Rationale/Additional Guidance
Number 17	Regularly being involved in school and community sport is a pathway for involvement in physical activities. Describe and give practical examples of two other pathways for involvement in physical activities. Four marks for four from: Marks for two pathways max with a description for each for four marks Max of 2 marks per pathway 1. Becoming a leader/coach/teacher 2. Example – a tennis coach 3. Becoming an official/referee/umpire 4. Example – must give more than just referee/umpire etc for eg mark	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 [4]	Accept: If candidate gives pathway under description or description under pathway If candidate gives explanation of why they are following a pathway accept as description eg become a coach because of injury Do not accept: School/community sport eg performing at a local sports club
			For pt 10 accept any example which is about helping without money/just for enjoyment etc

Question	Expected Answer	Marks	Rationale/Additional Guidance
Number			
18	Describe why young people may give up participating in physical activities when they leave school.		
	 Six marks for six from: Poor health/injury/medical reasons Disability Do not enjoy physical activities/had negative experiences at school with physical activities/(perceived) lack of ability/can't be bothered/lazy Other competing interests/social life/involved with social drugs/alcohol/other hobbies/computer games/(part time) work too time-consuming/no time Discrimination by others Pressure from peers not to participate/no friends to participate with 	1 1 1	
	 Cultural/religious reasons/frowned upon by others Lack of confidence/self esteem/feel embarrassed Lack of role model/parental support/encouragement Few opportunities/age limitations/lack of teams/facilities/lack of green space/access (for disabled) lack of transport Lack of money/equipment Not compulsory (after 16) 	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 [6]	

Question	Expected Answer	Marks	Rationale/Additional Guidance
Number			
19	Performance enhancing drugs are used by some performers to try and		Do not accept 'enhance performance'
	gain an advantage over their opponents.		Answers can be all positive/all
	Describe the effects of performance enhancing drugs on the performer.		negative/mixture of both
	Four marks for four from:		
	(Positive effects)		
	Can increase levels of performance/play better		
	2. More strength/builds muscle		
	3. Have more energy/can last longer/recover faster/more stamina/train at		
	greater intensity/be fitter		
	4. Mask injury/can endure injury/pain better		
	5. Increased speed/power	1	
	6. Increase in red blood cells/increase in O2 availability	1	
	7. Reduce weight	1	
	8. Control anxiety/calms/relaxes		
	9. Lowers heart rate	1	
	10. Speeds reactions/more alert/better concentration	1 1	
	11. Increases confidence	1 1	
	(Negative effects)		
	12. Withdrawal symptoms if you stop		
	13. High blood pressure		
	14. Skin problems/acne		
	15. More aggression/rage	1 1	
	16. Addiction/you can't help but take them/a habit	1 1	
	17. Anxiety/depression/lower self-esteem	1	
	18. Can lead to being banned/fined/disqualified	1	
	19. Labelled as a cheat by others/others have low opinion of you	1	
	20. Can affect gender characteristics/males get female	1	
	characteristics/females get male characteristics	1	
	21. Heart disease/blood clots/kidney/internal organ damage/poor health/die	1	
	22. Infections/AIDS		
	23. Infertility	1	
	24. Dehydration	1	
	25. leads to more injury	1	
	26. Lack of concentration/slower reactions	[4]	

Question Number	Expected Answer	Marks	Rationale/Additional Guidance
20	Decision making is an important key process in physical education.		Descriptions of examples can be from the same sport but must be different examples
	Describe <u>two</u> examples of decisions that might be made in each of the following roles:		·
	(i) Performer		
	Two marks for two from:		
	Max of 2 marks for 2 separate decisions for a performer	_	
	1. 1 st example of a decision made by a performer, eg to pass the ball in	1	Accept:
	rugby		As a performer making a decision about the
	2. 2 nd example of a decision made by a performer, eg to shoot the ball in netball	1	right technique to use
	(ii) Coach or leader		
	Two marks for two from:		Examples must be decisions
	Max of 2 marks 2 separate decisions for a leader/coach		
	3. 1 st example of a decision made by a coach/leader, eg Deciding to have a time out in basketball	1	
	4. 2 nd example of a decision made by an coach/leader, eg substituting a	1	
	player in a hockey match	'	
	(iii) Official		
	Two marks for two from:		
	Max of 2 marks for 2 separate decisions for an official	_	
	5. 1 st example of a decision made by an official, eg indicating that a player is offside in football	1	
	6. 2 nd example of a decision made by an official, eg indicating the time as a table official in basketball	1	
		[6]	

Section B - S	Short Answer Questions		
Question	Expected Answer	Marks	Rationale/Additional Guidance
Number			
21	Describe five characteristics of skilful movement.		Max 3 marks for listed names of
			characteristics (even if 3 have descriptions
	Five marks for five from: - each must be described rather than named		and 2 more are names only)
	(if named correctly but no description then three marks max)		
	1. Skilful movement is learned/comes about after practice/training	1	
	2. Efficient – they only perform using necessary movements/no waste of	1	
	energy/(seemingly) effortless		
	Consistent/(often) successful/good player/effective	1	
	4. Pre-determined – they know what they are trying to achieve	1	
	5. Co-ordinated/controlled/movements are linked well together/does the	1	
	right thing at the right time		
	6. Fluent – one move flows into another/smoothly	1	
	7. Aesthetic – the movement looks good	1	
	8. Confident – the performer has a positive approach/thinks they will do	1	
	well		
	Follows correct model/accurate/correct technique	1	
		[5]	
22	Identify four different fundamental motor skills and describe why each		Each skill must have an application to
	one is important in physical activities.		activities for full marks to be scored
			If 4 identified give 1 mark and 1 mark for
	Four marks for four from:		each description up to a max of 4
	(Sub max one for 4 i/d's only)	_	
	1. Running – eg need to run well to throw further in the javelin	1	Do not accept lack of description eg running
	2. Throwing – need to throw well to score highly in javelin	1	is important in football
	3. Jumping – need to jump as a follow through in javelin	1	
	4. Kicking – need to kick to pass the ball in football	1	Accept:
	5. Catching – need to catch as wicket keeper to get batsman out	1	Running is important to beat a defender in
	6. Hitting – need to hit to strike the ball in rounders to score	1	football
		[4]	Running is important to catch a bus to work

Question Expected Answer	Marks	Rationale/Additional Guidance
Give three reasons why it is important to show sportsmanship whe participating in physical activities.	1	Do not accept Support the other team
 Three marks for three from: To play fairly/to be fair/to be generous/to show etiquette/good manners/show gratitude/maintain a positive mental attitude/feel go about yourself So that you can stick to the rules To stop/avoid injury or collision or danger/concern for the well-bein your opponent To show respect for your opponent/be friendly To ensure that everyone can play the game/to have a good game/the game flow/help the referee/prevents anger or aggression To make it more enjoyable as a spectator/to watch To avoid arrogance/showing off/so that others will see you in a good light/to get praise/status/recognised as a fair team/otherwise you not be seen as cheating You may not be selected if not shown/could be banned To be a good role model/encourages other to show good sportsmanship. 	g of	Accept BOD – Shows respect for game

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Question Number	Expected Answer	Marks	Rationale/Additional Guidance
24	Speed is an important component of fitness.		Accept Agility examples that involve speed
	Explain, using <u>four</u> different practical examples, how speed can help in the performance of physical activities.		(max of two examples from each point in points 1-6)
	Four marks for four from: must use practical examples (max of two marks if no examples)		pointe i ey
	 To beat your opponent in a race, eg in a sprint race Get away from your opponent eg a striker running away from a 	1,1	
	defender in football 3. To get to the ball or location before your opponent, eg winning the ball	1,1	
	in a hockey match 4. To be able to put skills into operation quickly/make skills	1,1	
	quick/effective, eg quickly perform the smash in tennis 5. Can hit or strike with more force/makes things/projectiles go faster, eg the quicker the run-up and arm action the quicker the ball will travel	1,1	
	when bowling in cricket 6. You can receive the ball more effectively/you can prepare to	1,1	
	receive/respond, eg you can get in position to return the shuttle in badminton following an opponents smash.	1,1	
		[4]	

	Expected Answer	Marks	Rationale/Additional Guidance
Question Number 25*	Describe the main characteristics of a balanced, healthy lifestyle. Levels marked question Level 1 (1-2 marks) Candidates make only one or two valid points about the characteristics of a balanced, healthy lifestyle and describes only very superficially. There is little or no use of technical vocabulary and sentences have limited coherence and structure. There is much irrelevant material. Errors in grammar, punctuation and spelling may be noticeable and intrusive. Level 2 (3-4 marks) Candidates make some valid points about characteristics of a balanced, healthy lifestyle with good knowledge and understanding. There is some use of technical vocabulary and sentences for the most part are relevant and are coherent. There are occasional errors in grammar, punctuation and spelling. Level 3 (5-6 marks) Candidates make many developed points about the characteristics of a balanced, healthy lifestyle. Candidate demonstrates excellent knowledge and understanding of the factors involved. Candidate gives relevant material that is clearly structured and using appropriate terminology and technical vocabulary. There are few, if any, errors in grammar, punctuation and spelling.	Marks	Examiners must indicate which level the answer is awarded as well as annotating and giving a mark to the response. The following are GUIDELINES ONY. Refer to Level descriptors at all times. Tick each point found in the indicative content. However the number of ticks on their own do not indicate the level. View the number of ticks/points: Level 1 Point/s un-developed and few examples Superficial points about diet/exercise Level 2 Some points developed and examples given Diet and exercise covered well Level 3 Most points developed or examples given Diet and exercise covered well and well-being likely to be covered

Question Number	Expected Answer	Marks	Rationale/Additional Guidance
<u>umber</u>	Indicative content – (Describe the main characteristics of a balanced, healthy lifestyle)		
	 Active/regular exercise (better candidates will give values and best according to age/abilities)/able to do everyday tasks/fitness/feel energised Healthy/lack of illness/balanced diet (better candidates will give components/positive-negative energy balance) Hydration/regular water intake (better candidates will state how much and when according to the task/s) Limited/non-use of alcohol (better candidates will give details about units per day) No smoking No (illegal)drug taking Feeling good about yourself/high self-esteem Being optimistic/cheerful/good outlook on life/satisfied with life/enjoyment/happiness Lack of stress/minimises stress/anxiety/work – life balance Helping others/having good or positive relationships/having friends/a balanced social life Working hard/having a purpose/a focus in life (Regular) access to green space/good/healthy environment Get enough/right amount of sleep Having appropriate BMI/weight Free from illness/disease 		
	10. 1100 Horri IIII1000/dioddoc	[6]	
	Total	[45]	
	Paper Total	[60]	

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